Minoufia University Faculty of Engineering Mechanical Power Eng. Dept Academic Year: 2016-2017



Subject: Industrial Ventilation Code: MPE 502 Academic level: Diploma. Time allowed: 3 hours **Total degree : 100 marks**

Date: 7-6-2017

Answer all the following questions: Question-1

[20 marks]

a- Vapours and gases are types of air contaminants inside closed space, Explain the difference between them and discuss one contaminant of each type.

b- Explain air cleaning method which is used to control and treat the indoor air pollutants.

c- Describe using diagrammatic sketch the thermal effect on the natural ventilation system and report its advantages and disadvantages.

Show the difference between the two methods of industrial ventilation system d-(i.e. dilution and local exhaust), and mention only the disadvantages of each method.

_____ Question-2 [25 marks]

a- What are the chief requirements of an air ventilation duct systems?

b- Explain with sketch the difference type of a centrifugal fans and mention advantages and disadvantage of each type.

c- Explain with the aid of a diagram the performance curve of a fan under specific conditions of fan (volume flow rate, system static pressure and efficiency).

d- Discuss the different steps to increase the energy efficiency of air fans.

e- Discus the purposes of hood ventilation and the meaning of capture velocity. Also, explain with sketch the different types of Ventilation hoods.

-----Question-3 [55 marks]

- An industrial welding shop has the dimensions as shown in the next figure. . Two inlet openings have dimensions (60 cm×225 cm). The exit ventilation openings have dimensions (40 cm×200 cm). The difference between the levels of inlet and exit opening (i.e. ΔH) is 1.5 m and the discharge coefficient C_D is 0.6 for all the openings. The dynamic pressure head at the inlet opening is assumed 0.38 Pa. The average

temperature inside the welding shop is 45 °C while the outside temperature is 27 °C. The air flow rate from duct openings are $Q_B = 40\%$ of the fan flow rate and $Q_D = 30$ % of the fan flow rate. Take the pressure loss coefficients at bend is 0.8 and the exit is 1.0 along the duct. Also, take the velocity for the main duct is 8 m/s, air density 1.23 kg/m³ and the fan efficiency is 89%. <u>Assume any required data and calculate the following:</u>

i- The required air flow rate if the air change rate (ACR) equals 15,

ii- The natural flow rate based on the wind velocity and buoyancy effect,

iii- Design the ventilation duct using the equal friction coefficient method,

iv. The fan horse Power (HP),



Use the following relations if you need: